

Table 1. Reporting on data on the placing on the market of mineral and synthetic lubrication and industrial oils and on the treatment of waste oils (in tonnes)																																									
Country: Slovenia																																									
Reference year: 2024																																									
	1			2			3					4					5					6					7					8					9				
	Oils placed on the market ¹			Waste oil generated ² (dry oil)			Separately collected ³ waste oils					Exported ⁴ waste oils					Imported ⁵ waste oils					Regeneration ¹⁰					Other recycling ¹¹					Energy recovery ¹² (R1)					Disposal ¹³				
	(t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	(t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Including water (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Dry oil ¹⁴ (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Including water (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Dry oil ¹⁴ (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Including water (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Dry oil ¹⁴ (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Including water (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Dry oil ¹⁴ (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Including water (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	Dry oil ¹⁴ (t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote					
Engine and gear box oils ¹	6479			4422			4680		2) The amounts	4341			4558			4309			0			0					7	4	An				0			25					
Industrial oils ²	23849			405			424		2) The amounts	305			317			305			0			0					0			0				0			0				
Industrial oils (emulsions only) ³	4554			17			36		2) The amounts	14			28			14			0			0					0			0				0			0				
Oil and concentrates from separation ⁴							2872		2) The amounts	2566			2825		3) Exported	2525			0			0					0			0				0			46		41		
No warning																																									

Cell shading:
White: Data provision is mandatory.
Grey: The calculation of data is automatic. The cell can be edited after unlocking the cell with the button "Unlock formulas".
Beige: Footnotes (only to be filled-in when relevant)
Black: Not applicable.

¹ Including engine oils and gear oils (automotive, aviation, marine, industrial and other sectors); excluding greases and bilge oils.

² Including machine oils, hydraulic oils, oils for turbines, transformer oils, heat transmission oils, compressor oils, base oils; excluding greases and oils used for emulsions.

³ Including metal working oils; in case national reporting does not distinguish industrial oils used in emulsions or otherwise, aggregated data on industrial oils may be provided and shall be specified in row 'industrial oils'.

⁴ Only waste oils under code 190207* of Decision 2000/532/EC.

⁵ Oils placed on the market in a Member State taking into account export losses (e.g. export of passenger cars) and import gains (e.g. imports of passenger cars).

⁶ Amount of waste oils taking into account handling losses and losses during use. Amounts of waste oil generated may be calculated based on national statistics or by using the reference values listed in Table 4.

⁷ Waste oils separately collected. In case collected waste oils are quantified by volume, the corresponding mass is determined by applying a conversion factor of 0.9 tonnes/m³.

⁸ Waste oil exported to another country (considering the waste categories set out in Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006).

⁹ Waste oil generated in another country and imported from that country (considering the waste categories set out in Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006).

¹⁰⁻¹³ Amounts reported shall relate to the waste oil separately collected. The sum of the values for dry oil in columns 6 to 9 should be equal to the sum of the values for dry oil in column 3 adjusted for exported and imported waste oils (column 3 – column 4 + column 5 = column 6 + column 7 + column 8 + column 9).

¹¹ Recycling other than regeneration, e.g. as flux oil.

¹² Including use of recovered oils as fuel, in accordance with the definition of recovery in Article 3(15) of Directive 2008/98/EC.

¹³ Disposal operation D10 Incineration on land as laid down in Annex I of Directive 2008/98/EC.

¹⁴ Waste oil excluding water content. The dry oil content is determined by measuring the water content. For waste oils other than emulsions, the dry content may alternatively be determined on the basis of a water content of 8 %. For dry oil in emulsions of industrial oils the dry content may alternatively be determined on the basis of a water content of 90 %.

Table 2. Reporting on data on the treatment of waste oils (in tonnes)																
Country:		Slovenia														
Reference year:		2024														
Section		1			2			3			4			5		
Type of output from recovery		Regeneration ¹			Other recycling			Energy recovery or reprocessing into materials that are to be used as fuels (including regenerated oils used as fuel)			Disposal (D10)					
		(t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	(t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	(t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote	(t)	Standard footnotes	Explanatory footnote			
Regenerated base oil – group I ^{2,3}			0							0						
Regenerated base oil – group II ⁴			0							0						
Regenerated base oil – group III ⁵			0							0						
Regenerated base oil – group IV ⁶			0							0						
Recycled products ⁷ (specify)						0										
Fuel products for off-site energy recovery – Light fuel oil										0						
Fuel products for off-site energy recovery – Distillate fuel oil										0						
Fuel products for off-site energy recovery – Heavy fuel oil										0						
Fuel products for off-site energy recovery – Recovered fuel oil										0						
Fuel products for off-site energy recovery – Processed fuel oil										0						
On-site energy recovery ⁸										0						
Other			0		1	Regeneration takes place							66			
[specify 'other']																
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No warning

No warning

No warning

Notes:

Cell shading:

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¹ Amount of regenerated oils. The sum of the entries in Column 2 of table 2 divided by the sum of the entries in column 6 of Table 1 corresponds to the conversion efficiency of oil regeneration.

² Base oil group I contains less than 90 % saturates and/or more than 0,03 % sulphur and has a viscosity index greater than or equal to 80 and less than 120.

³ In case national reporting does not distinguish groups I-IV, aggregated data on regenerated base oils may be provided and shall be specified in row 'Other'.

⁴ Base oil group II contains more than or equal to 90 % saturates and less than or equal to 0,03 % sulphur and has a viscosity index greater than or equal to 80 and less than 120.

⁵ Base oil group III contains more than or equal to 90 % saturates and less than or equal to 0,03 % sulphur and has a viscosity index greater than or equal to 120.

⁶ Base oil group IV are polyalphaolefins. Base oil not included in groups I-IV shall be specified in row 'Other'.

⁷ Includes recycled products from other recycling of waste oils reported under column 7 of Table 1.

⁸ On-site energy recovery means recovery of waste oils through internal energy consumption e.g. in a refinery.



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STATISTICAL OFFICE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

ANNUAL REPORTING OF MINERAL AND SYNTHETIC LUBRICATION AND INDUSTRIAL OILS AND WASTE OILS

2026 DATA COLLECTION

EXPLANATORY FOOTNOTES

Slovenia

1	Regeneration takes place entirely outside SI.
2	The amounts of separately collected waste oils include: waste oils collected from the original waste producers, waste oils generated in waste treatment of waste containing waste oils.
3	Exported waste oils include waste oils that were exported for treatment abroad in the reference year and were collected in the same year or in previous years.
4	An automotive parts manufacturer production activities produce waste metal sludge containing oil. By compressing it in a briquetting machine, briquettes and oil are produced, with the oil being returned to the beginning of the production process.
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